

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

CALIBRATED FERRIC CHLORIDE SOLUTION

Updated 12/96

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: CALIBRATED FERRIC CHLORIDE SOLUTION

General Use: Etching solution for engraving copper and brass.

COMPANY: UEI™ Systems, A Division of Universal Engraving, Inc.
9090 Nieman Road Overland Park, KS, USA 66214
1-800-821-8864 or 913-599-0244EMERGENCY CONTACT: 1-800-424-9300 United States and Canada
703-527-3887 International

2. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

	Cas No.	%	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Ferric Chloride	7705-08-0	20-40	1 mg/m3	1 mg/m3
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0	<1	7.5 mg/m3 * 7.5 mg/m3 *	*Ceiling limit in OSHA "Air Contaminants" 29 CFR 1910.1000.
Organic Acids	NA	<1		
Copper Compounds	NA	<1		

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION: Brown or greenish liquid, very corrosive, pH below 2.

Routes of Entry: Inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption.

Health Hazards (acute and chronic):

INHALATION: Mist is irritating to mucous membranes, respiratory tract, and lungs. May cause coughing and difficulty breathing. Excessive exposures have resulted in bronchitis symptoms, chest pain, dyspnea, and pulmonary edema. Onset of respiratory symptoms may be delayed several hours.

SKIN: Will stain skin. Prolonged contact may cause irritation, dermatitis, and blistering. Highly toxic by intravenous route.

INGESTION: Low toxicity in small quantities. Doses over 30 mg/kg may cause stomach irritation resulting in nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. Mucous membranes and gastrointestinal tract may also be burned. Pink urine discoloration indicates iron poisoning. Liver cirrhosis, fibrosis of the pancreas, coma, and death may follow. Oral ingestion may produce mild to moderately severe oral and esophageal burns with severe stomach burns. Vomiting (coffee grounds in appearance), drooling, and pain may occur. Acidosis and hemolysis may occur due to absorption. Probable oral lethal dose in humans ranges from 1 oz. to 1 pint (30ml to 480 ml).

EYES: Exposure results in pain, swelling, lacrimation, corneal erosions, photophobia, and blindness. May cause burns to inner eyelids.

Carcinogenicity: NA
Medical Conditions: NA

4. FIRST AID MEASURES: In all cases call a physician immediately.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult give oxygen.

INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Do not give bicarbonate to neutralize. Activated charcoal is of no value. Passing a nasogastric tube into the stomach is controversial at this time. Irrigate all affected areas with large amounts of water. Immediately dilute with 4 to 8 oz. (120 ml to 240 ml) of milk or water in adults and 2 to 4 oz. (60 ml to 120 ml) in children. Get immediate medical attention. In severe cases of gastrointestinal necrosis surgical consultation may be required.

EYE CONTACT: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes.

SKIN CONTACT: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush skin with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician only if irritation persists.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES: Flash Point: > 230 degrees Celsius Flammable Limits: NA Auto-ignition temperature: NA

Extinguishing Media: Water spray, carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, or appropriate foam. **Special Fire Fighting Procedures:** Wear self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in positive pressure mode and full protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. **Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Irritating hydrogen chloride fumes may be present in fire involving this substance.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES: Do not allow ferric chloride to enter sewer system or soil. Immediately dike sewer openings and access to soil. Contain the spill. Ventilate the area and evacuate everyone but clean-up personnel. Neutralize the ferric chloride by pouring soda ash, lime, or Portland cement onto the surface of the spill. Shovel the mixture of ferric chloride and neutralizer into suitable waste containers and dispose of by approved method. Wash area with dilute soda ash solution and dispose of by approved method. Notify proper government authorities. Ensure compliance with local, state, and federal regulations. All clean-up personnel should wear chemical splash goggles and face shield, acid resistant gloves, boots, sleeves, and protective clothing. Persons in charge of vessels or facilities are required to notify the National Response Center (NRC) immediately as required under 40CFR 302.6 when there is a release of this hazardous substance in an amount equal to or greater than its reportable quantity of 1000 lbs. (454 kg), approximately 80 gallons. The toll free telephone number of the NRC is (800) 424-8802. Serious penalties are prescribed for failing to make the required notifications. Calling CHEMTREC does not constitute compliance with this requirement. Only a phone call to the NRC satisfies these reporting requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE: Store at room temperature in closed polyolefin, fiberglass, or rubber-lined container. Secondary containment is advised around the storage area. It is recommended to keep on hand in handling and storage areas a supply of soda ash, lime, or Portland cement for diking and neutralization purposes in case of spill.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION: Use only in a well-ventilated area. Wear chemical resistant rubber gloves, chemical safety goggles, chemical resistant body covering, and boots. Do not wear contact lenses when handling this product. If splashing can occur wear full face shield. Emergency shower and eye wash station should be located in the work area.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES: Boiling Point: 225-250 degrees F (104-121 degrees C) Melting Point: NA
Freezing Point: 6-28 degrees F (-14 to -2 degrees C) Vapor Pressure: NA
Vapor Density (Air=1): NA Solubility in Water: Very
pH: <2 Specific Gravity (Water=1): 1.25 to 1.41
Viscosity: NA Evaporation Rate (Ether=1): > 1
Appearance and odor: Reddish brown to greenish liquid with slight odor.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY: Product is stable. Avoid open flames. Avoid forming mist. Incompatible with strong bases and oxidizers, metals, nitric acid, fluoride potassium nitrate, and diketene. Hazardous decomposition/by-products are oxides of carbon, hydrogen gas, hydrochloric gas, and fumes of acetic acid. Does not polymerize.

11. OTHER INFORMATION

UEI™ Systems provides the information contained herein in good faith. The information is believed to be correct. However it is not all inclusive and should be used only as a guide. Individuals receiving the information must exercise their independent judgement in determining its appropriateness for a particular purpose. UEI™ Systems shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the product listed herein.

Abbreviations: PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit
TLV: Threshold Limit Value
NA: Not Applicable